
This book is designed as a general introduction of Hispanic-American literature for readers and students. The term “Hispanic-American,” meaning anyone of a Spanish-speaking culture who lives in the United States, is used interchangeably with Latino in this book. Mexican-Americans, Puerto Ricans, Cuban-Americans, Dominican-Americans, and newly emerging group Latin Americans are the focus here because of their dominant population in the United States.

This dictionary-style reference book is arranged alphabetically. Wisely, the book extends beyond strictly covering just the literature and authors to include significant events and other relevant topic areas, all of which have clearly affected Hispanic-American literature. The front matter includes a seven-page introduction that gives a deft literature review for each ethnic group listed above, as well as some sense of the motivations, settings, and strong effect of cultural history on the literature.

There are some editorial weaknesses in the book. When a book covers multiple topic areas like this one, providing various categorized lists can greatly help students with limited knowledge to use the book more efficiently. As an example, for literary figures in this book, the type of writing done by the author is noted in the entry: “Denise Chávez (novelist, playwright, poet).” However, there is no separate, categorized list of writers arranged by type of writing. There is only one list in the back matter, “Bibliography of Major Works by Hispanic-American Authors,” which lists all titled works written by authors in this volume.

Another editorial weakness is the use of italics instead of bold within the individual entries to note terms found elsewhere in the book. The average reader notes bolded terms much more efficiently. There are few cross-references except for variations in a literary author’s last name. Having multiple points of entry can greatly enhance usability of reference books, particularly for grades 9–12. There are no photographs, maps, or graphics in the book at all; this is another significant weakness.

The credibility and strength of the peer-reviewed content is readily apparent. Each entry is individually authored and includes a bibliography. All contributors are connected to major universities and are listed at the end of the book.

The focus and detail of the content is a significant strength. The synopses of Hispanic-American works found in this volume are more detailed and focused on themes and perspectives unique to the culture than those found in other sources. These are literary analyses, not merely a recitation of plot lines. Biographical entries include numerous direct references to the writer’s work and an analysis of the effect of the writer’s life events on her or his writing.

The generalized nature of this book fills a niche in the marketplace. Other similar books are anthologies of Hispanic-American literature or analyses concentrated on one topic area of the overall literature. There is no comparable Web-based information available, even from reference sites. Biographies of Hispanic-American writers such as Julia Alvarez on www.encyclopedia.com lack the currency, detail, and emphasis on the culture found in this book.

*Encyclopedia of Hispanic-American Literature* consolidates all the important people, literary works, and events of Hispanic culture in one place for those students and researchers who may not know where to look when starting the research process. Those in grades 9-12 who need topic ideas and background information will be the ideal users of this book. It would be helpful if this work were updated every five years or so to include new writers and significant events affecting Hispanic-American literature and culture.—**Linda Loos Scharth, Reference Librarian (retired), Cedar Rapids, Iowa**

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Anyone who imagines that prerevolutionary North America was not molded by conflict can benefit from browsing this encyclopedia, which is written for the general public but also contains a volume of original documents. Four wars between France and England, the violent enforcement of slavery, and chronic warfare between European settlers and natives all played major roles in shaping colonial life. The encyclopedia covers these and other conflict topics with more than eight hundred entries and numerous black-and-white maps and illustrations. The work is intended to be the first in a series of fourteen sets about American military history.

The first volume leads with general maps of the period and an extensive overview of colonial life. After the entries in the second volume there are appendixes on military rank structures, statistical information on the colonies, a chronology, a glossary, and a selected bibliography. The third volume consists of 166 documents, edited by James Arnold and Roberta Wiener, ranging chronologically from the Treaty of Tordesillas to “Yankee Doodle.”